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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/976,750	10/12/2001	Manoel Tenorio	020431.0919	4508
	7590 03/18/200: OGIES US, INC.		EXAMINER	
ONE i2 PLACE	E, 11701 LUNA ROAD		LIU, I JUNG	
DALLAS, TX 75234			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3694	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			03/18/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	09/976,750	TENORIO, MANOEL	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	MARISSA LIU	3694	
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with th	e correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perions Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by status Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATI 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be of will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fr ute, cause the application to become ABANDO	ON. e timely filed om the mailing date of this communication. NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ Th 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	nis action is non-final. vance except for formal matters, p		
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-32 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) 1-10,31 and 32 is/a 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 11-30 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and Application Papers	are withdrawn from consideration		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examing 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) and according a deplicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the I	ccepted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applic iority documents have been rece eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ation No ived in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summ: Paper No(s)/Mail 5) Notice of Informa 6) Other:		

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Claims 1-10 and 31-32 withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a nonelected Group I, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Applicant timely traversed the restriction (election) requirement in the reply filed on 12/18/2007.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 2. The claims are generally narrative and indefinite, failing to conform with current U.S. practice. They appear to be a literal translation into English from a foreign document and are replete with grammatical and idiomatic errors. For example, but not limited to, independent claim 11 and 21 and their dependent claims are rejected as they are describing a graph.
- 3. The term "substantially vertical" in claim 11 and 21 is a relative term which renders the claim indefinite. The term "substantially vertical" is not defined by the claim, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention. For the purpose of the examination, the examiner interprets "substantially vertical" as "vertical".
- 4. The term "substantially perpendicular" in claim 11 and 21 is a relative term which renders the claim indefinite. The term "substantially vertical" is not defined by the claim, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention. For the

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purpose of the examination, the examiner interprets "substantially perpendicular" as "perpendicular".

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 11-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lupien et al., U.S. Patent No.: 6,098,051 (PTO-892 reference A) in view of Official Notice.
- 3. As per claim 11, Lupien et al. teaches a method for displaying strikes between bids and asks in a market over time, each strike specifying values for a plurality of strike variables, the system comprising a computer system operable to:

receive data for a plurality of strikes, the data reflecting values specified in the strikes for a plurality of strike variables (see abstract and column 4, lines 27-48, where "matches buy and sell orders" is equivalent of "strikes");

generate a display of the received data, the display comprising:

Examiner takes Official Notice that the following three limitations of Claim 11 recite about the display of data in the form of a graph that have been well-known for decades, and were already utilized by at least the inventions of streetprices.com and pricegrabber.com prior to the date of invention claimed by the instant application. It would have been obvious to an ordinary person of skill in the art at the time invention was made to modify the teachings of Lupien et al. With

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the knowledge of a 'graph' to permit Lupien's display of data results to be modified in the form of a 'graph' for displaying values. The motivation to combine these references would be to provide a more timely, and efficient system and method for searching and displaying data information meeting the search criteria to make an informed decision by a user.

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a plurality of polygons, each polygon representing a strike between a bid and an ask (see abstract, column 4, lines 27-48 and column 12, lines 31-37, where "matches buy and sell orders" of abstract is equivalent of "a strike between a bid and an ask"), each polygon comprising first and second of contiguous parallelograms each associated with one or more different strike variables (see Fig. 2, Figs. 6-7 and Figs. 9A-9B, and column 10, lines 53-64, where "square" is equivalent of "parallelogram"), a first and second contiguous parallelograms, a first dimension of the first parallelogram reflecting a first value specified in the represented strike for a first strike variable, a second dimension of the first parallelogram reflecting a second value specified in the represented strike for a second strike variable, a first dimension of the second parallelogram reflecting a third value specified in the represented strike for a third strike variable, and a second dimension of the second parallelogram reflecting a fourth value specified in the represented strike for a fourth strike variable (see Lupien, Fig. 2, Figs. 6-7 and Figs. 9A-9B);

a strike variable axis representing a range of values for an additional strike variable for which no value is reflected in the parallelograms, each polygon being positioned with respect to the strike variable axis according to the value specified in the represented strike for the additional strike variable represented by the strike variable axis (see Lupien, Fig. 7 and Fig. 9A); and

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a time axis that is substantially perpendicular to the strike variable axis, each polygon being positioned with respect to the time axis according to a time at which the represented strike occurred (see Lupien, abstract, Fig. 2, Figs. 6-7 and Figs. 9A-9B).

- 4. As per claim 12, Lupien et al. and the Official Notice teach the method of Claim 11 described above. Lupien et al. further teaches wherein a user selects the strike variables for which values are reflected in the parallelograms and selects the additional strike variable represented by the strike variable axis (see Fig. 2, Fig. 6., Fig. 9B, and column 9, lines 23-38).
- 5. As per claim 13, Lupien et al. teaches the method of Claim 11 described above. Lupien et al. further teaches wherein the computer system is operable to switch the additional strike variable represented by the strike variable axis with one of the strike variables for which values are reflected in the parallelograms in response to user input (see Fig. 2, Fig. 6., Fig. 9B, and column 9, lines 23-60).
- 6. As per claim 14, Lupien et al. and the Official Notice teach the method of Claim 11 described above. Lupien further teaches wherein the strike variables for which values are specified in the strikes comprise strike price, strike quantity, and at least one additional strike variable (see abstract).
- 7. As per claim 15, Lupien et al. and the Official Notice teach the method of Claim 11 described above. Lupien et al. further teaches wherein:

the strike variable axis represents a fifth strike variable and includes a range of values for the fifth strike variable (see Fig. 2, Figs. 6-7 and Figs. 9A-9B);

the time axis is substantially horizontal (see Fig. 2, Figs. 6-7 and Figs. 9A-9B); and

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each polygon is positioned with respect to the strike variable axis such that the border between the two contiguous parallelograms forming the polygon is aligned with a point along the strike variable axis corresponding to the value specified in the represented offer for the fifth strike variable (see Fig. 2, Figs. 6-7 and Figs. 9A-9B).

- 8. As per claim 16, Lupien et al. and the Official Notice teach the method of Claim 15 described above. Lupien et al. further teaches wherein the fifth strike variable comprises strike price (see Fig. 2, Figs. 6-7 and Figs. 9A-9B).
- 9. As per claim 17, Lupien et al. and the Official Notice teach the method of Claim 11 described above. Lupien et al. further teaches wherein the computer system is further operable to:

generate a filter comprising one or more strike criteria (see abstract, Fig. 2, Figs. 6-7 and Figs. 9A-9B);

generate a first window within the display, the first window comprising polygons representing strikes without regard to whether the strikes meet the strike criteria within the filter; and generate a second window within the display, the second window comprising only polygons representing strikes that meet the strike criteria within the filter (see Fig. 2, Figs. 6-7 and Figs. 9A-9B).

10. As per claim 18, Lupien et al. and the Official Notice teach the method of Claim 17 described above. Lupien et al. further teaches wherein the strike criteria comprise at least one value specified in a strike being within a particular range of values and at least one of the bid and the ask matched to form a strike being from an approved market participant (see abstract).

- 11. As per claim 19, Lupien et al. and the Official Notice teach the method of Claim 17 described above. Lupien et al. further teaches the strike criteria are provided by a user (see abstract).
- 12. As per claim 20, Lupien et al. and the Official Notice teach the method of Claim 11 described above. Lupien et al. further teaches the market comprises an exchange-based market (see column 6, lines 21-24).
- 13. As per claim 21, Lupien et al. and the Official Notice teach software for displaying strikes between bids and asks in a market over time, each strike specifying values for a plurality of strike variables, the software embodied in computer readable media and when executed operable to:

receive data for a plurality of strikes, the data reflecting values specified in the strikes for a plurality of strike variables (see abstract and column 4, lines 27-48, where "matches buy and sell orders" is equivalent of "strikes");

generate a display of the received data, the display comprising:

Examiner takes Official Notice that the following three limitations of Claim 11 recite about the display of data in the form of a graph that have been well-known for decades, and were already utilized by at least the inventions of streetprices.com and pricegrabber.com prior to the date of invention claimed by the instant application. It would have been obvious to an ordinary person of skill in the art at the time invention was made to modify the teachings of Lupien et al. With the knowledge of a 'graph' to permit Lupien's display of data results to be modified in the form of a 'graph' for displaying values. The motivation to combine these references would be to

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provide a more timely, and efficient system and method for searching and displaying data information meeting the search criteria to make an informed decision by a user. a plurality of polygons, each polygon representing a strike between a bid and an ask (see Lupien, abstract, column 4, lines 27-48 and column 12, lines 31-37, where "matches buy and sell orders" of abstract is equivalent of "a strike between a bid and an ask"), each polygon comprising first and second of contiguous parallelograms each associated with one or more different strike variables (see Lupien, Fig. 2, Figs. 6-7 and Figs. 9A-9B, and column 10, lines 53-64, where "square" is equivalent of "parallelogram"), a first and second contiguous parallelograms, a first dimension of the first parallelogram reflecting a first value specified in the represented strike for a first strike variable, a second dimension of the first parallelogram reflecting a second value specified in the represented strike for a second strike variable, a first dimension of the second parallelogram reflecting a third value specified in the represented strike for a third strike variable, and a second dimension of the second parallelogram reflecting a fourth value specified in the represented strike for a fourth strike variable (see Lupien, Fig. 2, Figs. 6-7 and Figs. 9A-9B);

a strike variable axis representing a range of values for an additional strike variable for which no value is reflected in the parallelograms, each polygon being positioned with respect to the strike variable axis according to the value specified in the represented strike for the additional strike variable represented by the strike variable axis (see Lupien, Fig. 7 and Fig. 9A); and

a time axis that is substantially perpendicular to the strike variable axis, each polygon being positioned with respect to the time axis according to a time at which the represented strike occurred (see Lupien, abstract, Fig. 2, Figs. 6-7 and Figs. 9A-9B).

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14. As per claim 22, Lupien et al. and Official Notice teach the software of Claim 21 described above. Lupien et al. further teaches wherein a user selects the strike variables for which values are reflected in the parallelograms and selects the additional strike variable represented by the strike variable axis (see Fig. 2, Fig. 6., Fig. 9B, and column 9, lines 23-38).

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- 15. As per claim 23, Lupien et al. and Official Notice teach the software of Claim 21 described above. Lupien et al. further teaches wherein the computer system is operable to switch the additional strike variable represented by the strike variable axis with one of the strike variables for which values are reflected in the parallelograms in response to user input (see Fig. 2, Fig. 6., Fig. 9B, and column 9, lines 23-60).
- 16. As per claim 24, Lupien et al. and Official Notice teach the software of Claim 21 described above. Lupien further teaches wherein the strike variables for which values are specified in the strikes comprise strike price, strike quantity, and at least one additional strike variable (see abstract).
- 17. As per claim 25, Lupien et al. and Official Notice teach the software of Claim 21 described above. Lupien et al. further teaches wherein:

the strike variable axis represents a fifth strike variable and includes a range of values for the fifth strike variable (see Fig. 2, Figs. 6-7 and Figs. 9A-9B);

the time axis is substantially horizontal (see Fig. 2, Figs. 6-7 and Figs. 9A-9B); and each polygon is positioned with respect to the strike variable axis such that the border between the two contiguous parallelograms forming the polygon is aligned with a point along the strike variable axis corresponding to the value specified in the represented offer for the fifth strike variable (see Fig. 2, Figs. 6-7 and Figs. 9A-9B).

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18. As per claim 26, Lupien et al. and Official Notice teach the software of Claim 25 described above. Lupien et al. further teaches wherein the fifth strike variable comprises strike price (see Fig. 2, Figs. 6-7 and Figs. 9A-9B).

19. As per claim 27, Lupien et al. and Official Notice teach the software of Claim 21 described above. Lupien et al. further teaches wherein the computer system is further operable to:

generate a filter comprising one or more strike criteria (see abstract, Fig. 2, Figs. 6-7 and Figs. 9A-9B);

generate a first window within the display, the first window comprising polygons representing strikes without regard to whether the strikes meet the strike criteria within the filter; and generate a second window within the display, the second window comprising only polygons representing strikes that meet the strike criteria within the filter (see Fig. 2, Figs. 6-7 and Figs. 9A-9B).

- 20. As per claim 28, Lupien et al. and Official Notice teach the software of Claim 27 described above. Lupien et al. further teaches wherein the strike criteria comprise at least one value specified in a strike being within a particular range of values and at least one of the bid and the ask matched to form a strike being from an approved market participant (see abstract).
- 21. As per claim 29, Lupien et al. and Official Notice teach the software of Claim 27 described above. Lupien et al. further teaches the strike criteria are provided by a user (see abstract).

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22. As per claim 30, Lupien et al. and Official Notice teach the software of Claim 21 described above. Lupien et al. further teaches the market comprises an exchange-based market (see column 6, lines 21-24).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to MARISSA LIU whose telephone number is (571)270-1370. The examiner can normally be reached on IFP.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James Trammell can be reached on 571-272-6712. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/M. L./ Examiner, Art Unit 3691 Art Unit: 3694

/James P Trammell/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3694